

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

## INFORMATION REPORT

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COUNTRY	Czechoslovakia  Discontent and Slow-Down Campaign, North Bohemian Brown Coal Mines, Most	DATE DISTR. NO. OF PAGES	9 October 1953				
DATE OF INFO.  PLACE ACQUIRED		REQUIREMENT NO.	RD 25X1				
	This is UNEVALUATED Information						
	THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT AI THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENT, (FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)		25X1				

- 1. At the beginning of July 1953, all workers in the North Bohemian Brown Coal Mines (Severoceske haedouhelne doly), Most, were supposed to draw their full wage for June, but after waiting until 6 or 7 July they received only a part payment (Zaloha) which amounted to from 200 to 500 Kos. From this, tax amounting to from 40 to 80 Kos. had to be deducted. The miners grumbled openly and said that they would reduce the output accordingly.
- 2. On S July a slowdown campaign started. A three-shift system is worked in these mines. On this occasion, the first shift, instead of filling all the hutches with coal, only filled every fifth one and sent up four empty. In some of the hutches was put a little notice: "We exchange one for five."

  The third and fourth shifts sent up 49 empty hutches and filled only every fiftieth, putting in the notice: "We exchange one for fifty."
- 3. On 9 July, the leader of the Works Militia in Decin received an order to the effect that all units of the Works Militia in Decin should move to Most at 5 a.m. on 10 July. The strength of the militia was 60 men and they were armed with rifles and sub-machine guns. The leader of the Works Militia had the following instructions for pacifying the miners:
  - a. To call a meeting of the miners and explain to them the economic situattion in Ozechoslovakia and inform them that from August 1953 on a new wage scale would be in force which would mean an increase in wages or a reduction in prices. If wages were increased, the miners would be given first consideration and have the highest rate.
  - b. To break up any groups of two or more men, in order to prevent them from discussing or taking action.
  - To arrest or detain anyone disobeying the instructions of the Workston Militia.
- 4. The same situation arose in the mines of Moravska Ostrava and Kladno, and on 13 July a general strike of all the miners in Czechoslovakia was threatened.

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